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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/511,113	03/23/2005	Jacobus Simon Petrus Van Diepen	102792-357/11017P4	9005
27389 NORRIS MCI	7590 12/27/2006 LAUGHLIN & MARCU	EXAMINER		
875 THIRD AVE 18TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10022			REYNOLDS, STEVEN ALAN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3728	
			···	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		12/27/2006	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/511,113	VAN DIEPEN, JACOBUS SIMON PETRUS			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Steven Reynolds	3728			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ma	<u>arch 2005</u> .				
2a) <u></u>						
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or					
Applicati	on Papers					
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 October 2004</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachmen 1) ⊠ Notic	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	/PTO.413)			
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 10/12/2004.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	te			

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

- 1. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.
- 2. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means", "comprising" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claim 14 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. Claim 14 recites the limitation "the folds and double-folds" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 9, 10, 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Steinbock (US 3,756,385). Steinbock discloses a display tray (12) for holding packages (14) comprising a bottom surface (16), a front wall (22), a rear wall (22) and two side walls (24) having flaps (28) in the area of their upper edges, the flaps projecting inwardly and being in a position departing substantially from the verticality, forming an angle with the vertical of more than 40 degrees (See Fig. 3 embodiment), characterized in that the flaps are arranged alternatingly on the side walls providing one flap per package (See Fig. 3 embodiment); wherein the flaps form an angle with the vertical of more than 60 degrees (See Fig. 3 embodiment); each flap is loosely engageable with one primary package (See Fig. 3 embodiment); said tray is made of a blank (See Fig. 1 embodiment), which is made of cardboard (See column 2, line 5); wherein the flaps form an angle with the vertical of more than 80 degrees (See Fig. 3 embodiment); and wherein the flaps form an angle with the vertical of more than 90 degrees (See Fig. 2 embodiment).
- 8. Claims 1-4, 8, 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lindstrom (US 4,542,847). Lindstrom discloses a display carton (12) for holding packages (pouches See Fig. 1A embodiment) comprising a bottom surface

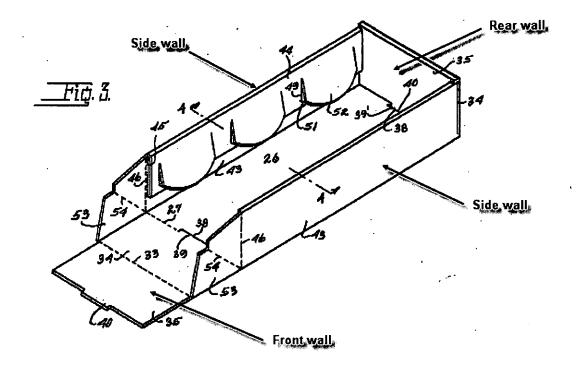
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(64), a front wall (24), a rear wall (18) and two side walls (20 and 22) having flaps (42 and 44) in the area of their upper edges, the flaps projecting inwardly and being in a position departing substantially from the verticality, forming an angle with the vertical of more than 40 degrees (See Fig. 1 embodiment), characterized in that the flaps are arranged alternatingly on the side walls providing one flap per package except for the last package (package toward rear wall is not engaged by the flaps – See Fig. 1 embodiment); wherein the flaps form an angle with the vertical of more than 60 degrees (See Fig. 1 embodiment); each flap is loosely engageable with one primary package; said tray is made of a blank (See Fig. 2 embodiment), which is made of cardboard (See column 5, line 1-2); wherein the front wall is substantially cut out (See Fig. 1 embodiment); and wherein the flaps form an angle with the vertical of more than 90 degrees (See Fig. 1 embodiment).

9. Claims 1, 4-7 and 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jones (US 3,073,440). Regarding claim 1 and 9, Jones discloses a tray for holding packages (cans – See Fig. 6 embodiment) comprising a bottom surface (26), a front wall, a rear wall and two side walls (See figure below) having flaps (52) in the area of their upper edges, the flaps projecting inwardly and being in a position departing substantially from the verticality, capable of forming an angle with the vertical of more than 40 degrees, characterized in that the flaps are arranged alternatingly on the side walls providing one flap per package (See Fig. 5 embodiment).

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Regarding claims 4-7 and 10, Jones discloses each flap is loosely engageable with one primary package (See Fig. 5 embodiment); said tray is made of a blank (See Fig. 1 embodiment), which is made of cardboard (See column 1, line 27); said side walls are double walled (See Fig. 3 embodiment); and the front and rear walls are fixed to the side walls by means of rough surfaces (adhesive 48 – See Fig. 1 embodiment), the front and rear walls are retained within the double walled side walls (See Figs. 1 and 3 embodiments).

Regarding claim 11, Jones discloses in each primary package (can – Seen in Fig. 6 embodiment) comprises at its side walls an indentation (side wall 57 indented from flange 59 - See Fig. 6 embodiment).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 12. Claims 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jones (US 3,073,440) in view of Mueller et al. (US 3,258,191). As described above Jones discloses all the limitations of the claims except for the specifics of the blank.

However, Mueller et al. teaches a container made from a blank comprising side walls (44 and 48) with extensions (58 and 62) for engaging into grooves (56 and 60) punched on the bottom surface (10) when the blank is folded (See Figs. 1 and 3 embodiments) for the purpose of reinforcing the walls of the container; said blank comprises folds (13) and double folds (50/54), wherein the folds and double folds comprise small incisions (perforations along the fold lines – See Fig. 1 embodiment). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the sidewalls of Jones with the extensions and

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grooves as taught by Mueller et al. in order to better reinforce the walls to prevent collapse.

Conclusion

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven Reynolds whose telephone number is (571)272-9959. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:00am - 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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